

What Is Claimed Is:

8631 1. A method for suppressing disease caused or enhanced by effects of intracellular iron
2 mismanagement comprising:

3 increasing the intracellular amount of at least one ferritin-H or a derivative thereof to an
4 effective level.

1 2. The method for suppressing disease of Claim 1 wherein exogenous ferritin-H or derivative
thereof is introduced into globin-producing cells.

3. The method for suppressing disease of Claim 1 wherein the globin-producing cells are
fused with liposomal constructs containing ferritin-H or derivative thereof.

4. The method for suppressing disease of Claim 1 wherein the ferritin-H or derivative thereof
is produced by inducing expression of an endogenous ferritin gene of the globin-producing cell.

5. The method for suppressing disease of Claim 1 wherein the intracellular concentration
ferritin-H or a derivative thereof is elevated by repressing expression of Ferritin-L or a derivative
thereof.

1 6. The method for suppressing disease of Claim 1 wherein the expression of ferritin-L or a
2 derivative thereof is repressed by introduction into the cell of antisense DNA specific to the ferritin-
3 L or derivative thereof.

1 7. The method for suppressing disease of Claim 1 wherein the ferritin-H or derivative
2 thereof is produced after transfection of at least one cell with a vector encoding ferritin-H or a
3 derivative thereof.

8. The method for suppressing disease of Claim 7 wherein the transfection occurs *in vivo*.

9. The method for suppressing disease of Claim 7 wherein the transfection occurs *ex vivo*.

10. The method for suppressing disease of Claim 7 wherein the transfection comprises
inserting the vector into a liposomal construct having a ligand or antibody on the surface of the
construct that is capable of binding to a specific receptor on the surface of a cell.

1 11. A method for treating sickle cell disease comprising:
2 suppressing the expression of adult β -globin genes in globin-producing cells with ferritin-
3 H or a derivative thereof.

1 12. The method for treating sickle cell disease of Claim 11 wherein exogenous ferritin-H or
2 a derivative thereof is introduced into globin-producing cells.

1 13. The method for treating sickle cell disease of Claim 12 wherein the globin-producing cells
2 are fused with liposomal constructs containing ferritin-H or a derivative thereof.

1 14. The method for treating sickle cell disease of Claim 11 wherein the ferritin-H or derivative
2 thereof is produced by inducing expression of an endogenous ferritin gene of the globin-producing
3 cell.

1 15. The method for treating sickle cell disease of Claim 11 wherein the intracellular
concentration ferritin-H or a derivative thereof is elevated by repressing expression of Ferritin-L or
a derivative thereof.

1 16. The method for treating sickle cell disease of Claim 15 wherein the expression of ferritin-
L or a derivative thereof is repressed by introduction into the cell of antisense DNA specific to the
ferritin-L or derivative thereof.

1 17. The method for treating sickle cell disease of Claim 11 wherein the ferritin-H or
2 derivative thereof is produced after transfection of at least one cell with a vector encoding ferritin-H
3 or a derivative thereof.

1 18. The method for treating sickle cell disease of Claim 17 wherein the transfection
2 comprises inserting the vector into a liposomal construct having a ligand or antibody on the surface
3 of the construct that is capable of binding to a specific receptor on the surface of a cell.

1 19. The method for treating sickle cell disease of claim 11 wherein the ferritin-H or derivative
2 thereof binds to the promoter region of the β -globin gene.

1 20. A method for treating sickle cell disease comprising:
2 administering to a patient a ferritin-containing vehicle in a pharmaceutically acceptable
3 carrier, said vehicle targeting hematopoietic stem cells, erythroid precursor cells or, hematopoietic
4 cells.

1 21. A method for treating neurological disorders caused or enhanced by excess intracellular
2 iron, the method comprising:
3 increasing the intracellular amount of ferritin-H or a derivative thereof in affected neural
4 cells to an effective level.

1 22. A pharmaceutical composition comprising
2 ferritin-H or a derivative thereof; and,
3 a cell specific targeting ligand.

1 23. A pharmaceutical composition comprising:
2 a gene encoding ferritin-H or a derivative thereof; and,
3 a suitable transfection vector.